2015 NATIONAL COORDINATOR'S CONFERENCE

EXPANDED FOOD AND NUTRITION EDUCATION PROGRAM (EFNEP)



Interpreting the Diet Summary Report

Marilyn Townsend

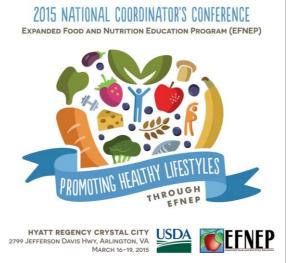
HYATT REGENCY CRYSTAL CITY 2799 Jefferson Davis Hwy, Arlington, VA March 16–19, 2015



WebNEERS

- How does it compare to other diet analysis programs?
- We have a gold mine. Excellent source of info. A tremendous asset for EFNEP.
- Cost for diet analysis at a clinic. \$300-500. We are able to offer at no cost to participants.
- Learning WebNEERS reports' strengths and weaknesses will give confidence.

Goal ♦Encourage more use of the Diet Summary Report



Objectives

- Coordinator uses report for educator training opportunities.
- Coordinator identifies best approach for reporting to legislators
- Coordinator learns 3 quick ways to help educator identify good diets of participants.
- Coordinator understands why report has inconsistencies.

Adults

- 💉 Manage Adults
- ✓ Manage Recalls
- ✓ Manage Checklists
- 💉 Verify Addresses
- View Adult Errors

Reports

- Adult Mailing Labels
- Email List (CSV)
- List of Families by Staff Member
- Recall List Report
- Adult Checklist Review
- Adult Summary
- Adult Diet Summary
- Adult Checklist Summary
- Subgroup List
- Filter List
- Public Assistance List
- Setup
- Defaults for New Adults
- # Subgroups
- # Filters
- Public Assistance

Data Management

- 🔁 Migrate Data
- s://www.webneers.net/adult/errors

Youth Groups

- Manage Youth Groups
- Manage Checklists
- Verify Addresses
- View Youth Errors
- Reports
 - Youth Mailing Labels
 - Email List (CSV)
 - Group Detail Report
 - Group Names by Leader
 - Group List
 - Group Leader Summary
 - Group Review by ID
 - Youth Checklist Review
 - Youth Summary
 - Youth Checklist Summary
 - Subgroup List
 - Filter List
- Setup
 - # Defaults for Youth Group
 - # Subgroups
- # Filters
- Tables
 - View Foods
 - Daily Recommendations
 - es

Staff

- ✓ Manage Staff
- Manage Hours
- View Staff Errors
- Reports
 - Staff Mailing Labels
 - Email List (CSV)
 - Status
 - Staff List
 - Volunteer List
 - Profile Summary
- Setup
 - # Add Staff
 - # Transfer Responsibilities

Annual Update/5-Year Plan

- Manage Program Impacts
- Edit Delivery Sites and Partners

Checklists Adult

- View Adult Checklist Sets
- Youth
 - View Youth Checklist Sets
- Reports
 - Adult Checklist Set Report
 - Youth Checklist Set Report
 - Adult Question List Report
- Vouth Question List Depart

3 Quick Indicators of good recalls

How can you use this DSR report to learn if your educators are collecting quality recalls? Assume you are at the State EFNEP Office and are not available to do site visits with all your educators.

- 1. Calories
- 2. Number of foods
- 3. SoFAS

3 Quick Indicators of good recalls

How can you use this report to learn if your educators are collecting quality recalls?

Looking at total calories [Part II] is one fast way to check.
 Check number of food items on the Recall List Report .

Recalls with too few calories are termed 'biologically implausible'. This means insufficient calories to sustain physiological status.

Talk to educators. A good training opportunity. Look for 1800 kcals minimum.

2 Quick Indicators of good recalls: calories, Part II

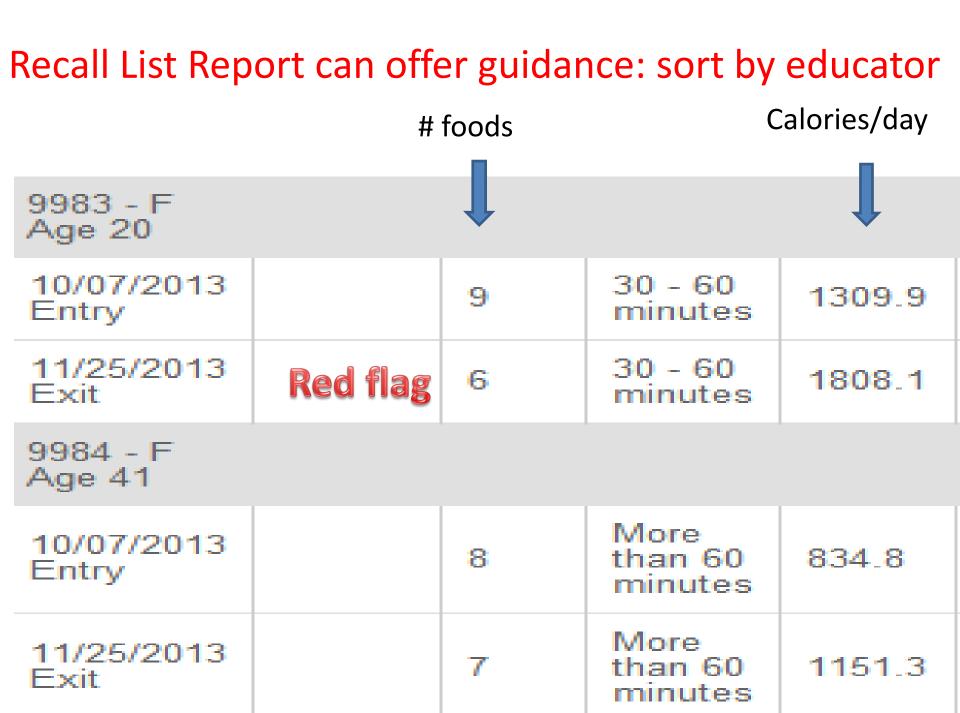
Good recall = accurate 3. Ranges of Caloric Intake 36.1% <1400 41.7% 25% 1401-1800 22.2% 1801-2000 2.8% 5.6% 2001-2200 11.1% 8.3% 2201-2400 5.6% 0% 19.4% 22.2% >2400

2 Quick Indicators of good recalls: calories

3. Ranges of Caloric Intake		sedentary 2000 cal 1800	/ ories/day	
	<1400	36.1%		41.7%
	1401-1800	25%	Red flag	22.2%
	1801-2000	2.8%		5.6%
	2001-2200	11.1%		8.3%
	2201-2400	5.6%		0%
	>2400	19.4%		22.2%

2 Quick Indicators of good recalls: calories, Part II

3. Ranges of Caloric Intake		sedentary 2000 calories/day 1800	
	<1400	36.1%	41.7%
61% of recalls are	1401-1800	25%	22.2%
not biologically plausible	1801-2000	2.8%	5.6%
	2001-2200	11.1%	8.3%
	2201-2400	5.6%	0%
	>2400	19.4%	22.2%



3 Quick Indicators of good recalls: SoFAS, Part IV

IV. Healthy Eating Index Summary

A. Healthy Eating Index component and total scores (11 adult(s), 100%)

			Entry		Exit
	Maximum Points	Mean	+/- STDDEV	Mean	+/- STDDEV
Total Fruits (includes 100% juice)	5	4	1.6	4.3	1.2
Whole Fruit (not juice)	5	3.9	1.9	4.5	1.4
Total Vegetables	5	3	1.4	3.1	1.5
Dark Green and Orange Vegetables and Legumes	5	0.5	1.4	1.3	1.8
Total Grains	5	4.1	1	4.9	0.2
Total Grains Whole Grains Milk Not reality. Does this high Meat and Beans score reflect omissions on Oils us2 Check recalls for	5	0.6	0.7	1.9	1.9
MilkNot reality. DeMeat and Beansscore reflect omissions onOilsrecalls? Check recalls forSaturated Fat"additions".	10	5.2	3.8	5.7	3.8
Meat and Beans	10	8.7	1.7	7.9	2.9
Oils Check recut	10	6.7	3.8	4	3.6
Saturated Fat	10	3.8	3.8	4.7	4
Sodium "additions	10	4.2	3.1	2.1	2.9
Calories from Solid Fats, Alcoholic beverages, and Added Sugars (SoFAAS)	20	18	3.2	18.4	2
Total	100	62.9	10.5	63	11

B. Healthy Eating Index Total Score Distribution (11 adult(s), 100%)			
	Entry Average	Exit Average	
0-50 (poor)	18.2%	18.2%	
51-80 (needs improvement)	72.7%	81.8%	
81-100 (good)	9.1%	0%	

1	/. Selection		
	Number	Percent	Region
	11	100%	Los Angeles County

3 Quick indicators of good recalls: SoFAS, Part I

<u>SoFAS</u> = <u>So</u>lid <u>Fats & Added Sugars</u>

Recommendation: As few as possible, but no more than 19% of calories

8. Solid Fats and Added Sugars (SoFAS):	Mean consumed at Entry and Exit	364 calories	207.4	396 calories	386.9
	<10 % of Calories	3%		11%	
	10-15 % of Calories	39%		19%	
	16-20 % of Calories	19%		25%	
	21+ % of Calories	39%		44%	
	Percent with Positive Change at Exit			56%	

3 Quick indicators of good recalls: SoFAS, Part I

<u>SoFAS</u> = <u>So</u>lid <u>Fats & Added Sugars</u>

Recommendation: As few as possible, but no more than 19% of calories

8. Solid Fats and Added Sugars (SoFAS):	Mean consumed at Entry and Exit	364 calories	207.4	396 calories	386.9
	<10% of Calories	3%		11%	
When I see 61% of participants have better than the	10-15 % of Calories	39%		19%	
recommendation for SoFAS, I see a recall	16-20 % of Calories	19%		25%	
problem ie. a training problem.	21+ % of Calories	39%		44%	
	Percent with Positive Change at Exit			56%	

3 Quick Indicators of good recalls: summary

How can you use this DSR report to learn if your educators are collecting quality recalls?

- 1. Too few total calories
- 2. Too few foods
- 3. Low calories from SoFAS

Issues for webNEERS....inconsistencies....Why?

- Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005
 - o Milk
 - O Meat and Beans
 - o Total Vegetable
 - O SofAAS
 - Add refined grains
 - Reduce total fat
 - Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars

- Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010
 - O Dairy
 - o Total Protein
 - Seafood and plant proteins
 - o Total Vegetables
 - o Greens and Beans
 - O SoFAS
 - Reduce refined grains
 - Add PUFA, MUFA
 - Penalties for refined grains, sodium, solid fats, added sugars



Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005	Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010
o MilkPart IV	o DairyPart I
 Meat and Beans 	o Total Protein
	O Seafood and plant proteins
 Total Vegetable 	O Total Vegetables
	O Greens and Beans
○ SoFAAS	O SOFAS
• Add refined grains	O Reduce refined grains
 Reduce total fat 	O Add PUFA, MUFA
 Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars 	 Penalties for refined grains, sodium, solid fats, added sugars
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Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005	Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010
o MilkPart IV	O DairyPart I
O Meat and BeansPart IV	O Total ProteinPart I
	Seafood and plant proteins
	O Greens and Beans
 Total Vegetable 	 Total Vegetables
○ SoFAAS	SoFAS
 Add refined grains 	• Reduce refined grains
 Reduce total fat 	O Add PUFA, MUFA
 Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars 	 Penalties for refined grains, sodium, solid fats, added sugars



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Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005	Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010
o Milk	O Dairy
 Meat and Beans 	O Total Protein
	Seafood and plant proteins
 Total Vegetable 	O Total Vegetables
	O Greens and Beans
 SoFAASPart IV 	O SoFASPart I
 Add refined grains 	O Reduce refined grains
 Reduce total fat 	O Add PUFA, MUFA
 Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars 	 Penalties for refined grains, sodium, solid fats, added sugars



Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005	Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010
 Milk 	o Dairy
 Meat and BeansPart IV 	 Total ProteinPart I
	Seafood and plant proteins
 Total Vegetable 	o Total Vegetables
	O Greens and Beans
 SoFAASPart IV 	O SoFASPart I
 Add refined grains 	 Reduce refined grains
 Reduce total fat 	O Add PUFA, MUFA
 Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars 	 Penalties for refined grains, sodium, solid fats, added sugars



Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005

- o Milk
- Meat and Beans
- Total Vegetable
- O SofAAS
- Add refined grains
- Reduce total fat
- Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars

Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010

- O Dairy
- o Total Protein
- O Seafood and plant proteins
- o Total Vegetables
- o Greens and Beans
- **O** SOFAS
- Reduce refined grains
- O Add PUFA, MUFA
- Penalties for refined grains, sodium, solid fats, added sugars



Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005	Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010
 Milk 	O Dairy
 Meat and Beans 	o Total Protein
	Seafood and plant proteins
 Total Vegetable 	o Total Vegetables
	O Greens and Beans
O SOFAAS	SoFAS
• Add refined grainsPart I?, IV	• Reduce refined grains
 Reduce total fat 	o Add PUFA, MUFA
 Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars 	 Penalties for refined grains, sodium, solid fats, added sugars



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Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2005

- o Milk
- Meat and Beans
- Total Vegetable
- Dark green and orange veg, beans
- SoFAAS
- Add refined grains**
- Reduce total fat <35%**
- Penalties for sodium, solid fats, added sugars

Dietary Guidelines & Healthy Eating Index 2010

- O Dairy
- o Total Protein
- Seafood and plant proteins
- o Total Vegetables
- o Greens and Beans
- O SoFAS
- Reduce refined grains**
- Add PUFA, MUFA**
- Penalties for refined grains**, sodium, solid fats, added sugars



DSR: 2 Quick Indicators of quality teaching

If educators want to use this report to examine their teaching effectiveness, are there easy, quick indicators to identify behavior change among participant recalls? In the DSR, there are some easy ways.



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DSR: 2 Quick Indicators of quality teaching

Your educators want to identify if their participants are learning. In WebNEERS, there are some easy ways.

High intake of fruits & vegetables, Part I
 Higher score on healthy eating index [HEI], Part IV



Quick indicator of quality teaching: Fruits & vegetables

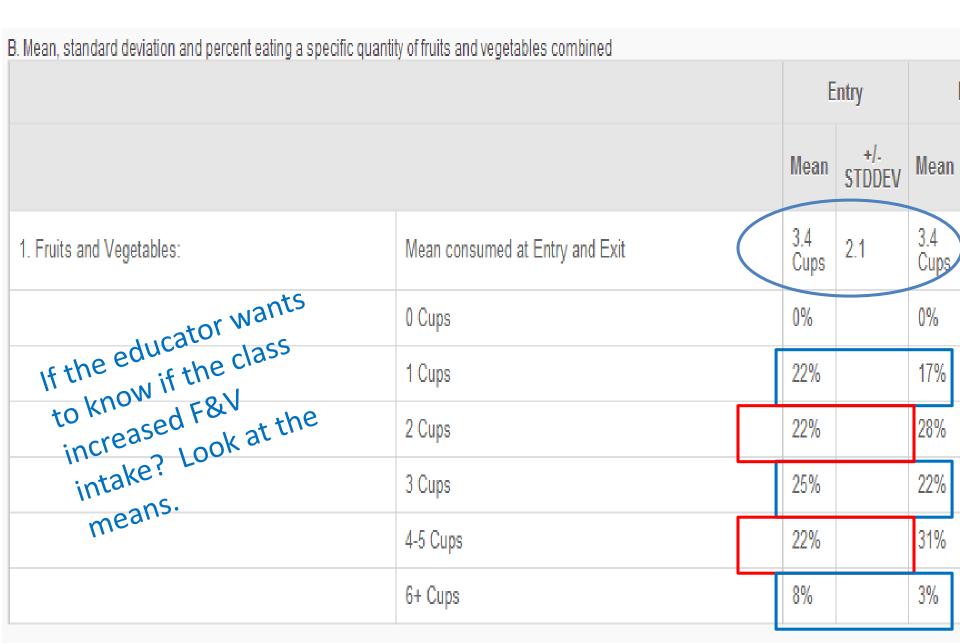
B. Mean, standard deviation and percent eating a specific quantity of fruits and vegetables combined

		Entry			Exit
		Mean	+/- STDDEV	Mean	+/- STDDEV
1. Fruits and Vegetables:	Mean consumed at Entry and Exit	3.4 Cups	2.1	3.4 Cups	1.3
	0 Cups	0%		0%	
	1 Cups	22%		17%	
	2 Cups	22%		28%	
	3 Cups	25%		22%	
	4-5 Cups	22%		31%	
	6+ Cups	8%		3%	

Quick indicator of quality teaching: Fruits & vegetables



Quick indicator of quality teaching: Fruits & vegetables



Quick indicator of a quality teaching: HEI

IV. Healthy Eating Index Summary A. Healthy Eating Index component and total scores (11 adult(s), 100%)

			Entry		Exit
	Maximum Points	Mean	+/- STDDEV	Mean	+/- STDDEV
Total Fruits (includes 100% juice)	5	4	1.6	4.3	1.2
Whole Fruit (not juice)	5	3.9	1.9	4.5	1.4
Total Vegetables	5	3	1.4	3.1	1.5
Dark Green and Orange Vegetables and Legumes	5	0.5	1.4	1.3	1.8
Total Grains	5	4.1	1	4.9	0.2
Whole Grains	5	0.6	0.7	1.9	1.9
Milk	10	5.2	3.8	5.7	3.8
Meat and Beans	10	8.7	1.7	7.9	2.9
Oils	10	6.7	3.8	4	3.6
Saturated Fat	10	3.8	3.8	4.7	4
Sodium	10	4.2	3.1	2.1	2.9
Calories from Solid Fats, Alcoholic beverages, and Added Sugars (SoFAAS)	20	18	3.2	18.4	2
Total	100	62.9	10.5	63	11

B. Healthy Eating Index Total Score Distribution (11 adult(s), 100%)						
	Entry Average	Exit Average				
0-50 (poor)	18.2%	18.2%				
51-80 (needs improvement)	72.7%	81.8%				
81-100 (good)	9.1%	0%				

١	V. Selection					
	Number	Percent	Region			
	11	100%	Los Angeles County			

Quick indicator of a good diet: HEI

IV. Healthy Eating Index Summary A. Healthy Eating Index component and total scores (11 adult(s), 100%)

Total Fruits (includes 100% juice)	Maximum Points	Mean 4	+/- STDDEV	Mean	+/- STDDEV
	5	4			
		-	1.6	4.3	1.2
Nhole Fruit (not juice)	5	3.9	1.9	4.5	1.4
Total Vegetables	5	3	1.4	3.1	1.5
Dark Green and Orange Vegetables and Legumes	5	0.5	1.4	1.3	1.8
Total Grains	5	4.1	1	4.9	0.2
Whole Grains	5	0.6	0.7	1.9	1.9
/ilk	10	5.2	3.8	5.7	3.8
Meat and Beans	10	8.7	1.7	7.9	2.9
Dils	10	6.7	3.8	4	3.6
Saturated Fat	10	3.8	3.8	4.7	4
Sodium	10	4.2	3.1	2.1	2.9
Calories from Solid Fats, Alcoholic beverages, and Added Sugars (SoFAAS)	20	18	3.2	18.4	2
Total Contract Contra	100	62.9	10.5	63	11

54.00 (seeds improvement) 70.70/	
51-80 (needs improvement) 72.7% 81.8%	
81-100 (good) 9.1% 0%	

V Selection

Number	Percent	Region
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Quick indicator of a good diet: HEI

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	Maximum Points	Mean	+/- STDDEV	Mean	+/- STDDE
Total Fruits (includes 100% juice)	5	4	1.6	4.3	1.2
Whole Fruit (not juice)	5	3.9	1.9	4.5	1.4
Total Vegetables	5	3	1.4	3.1	1.5
Dark Green and Orange Vegetables and Legumes Total Grains Whole Grains Milk Can you help educator Milk Can you help education Milk Can you help educator Oils Saturated Fat	5	0.5	1.4	1.3	1.8
Total Grains	5	4.1	1	4.9	0.2
Whole Grains	5	0.6	0.7	1.9	1.9
Milk Carry ther teaching pects to 1	10	5.2	3.8	5.7	3.8
Meat and Beans target no confice	10	8.7	1.7	7.9	2.9
oils componer.	10	6.7	3.8	4	3.6
Oils Saturated Fat Sodium	10	3.8	3.8	4.7	4
Sodium ESD'	10	4.2	3.1	2.1	2.9
Calories from Solid Fats, Alcoholic beverages, and Added Sugars (SoFAAS)	20	18	3.2	18.4	2
Total	100	62.9	10.5	63	11
. Healthy Eating Index Total Score Distribution (11 adult(s), 100%)					
	Entry Average		E	xit Avera	age
0-50 (poor) 18.2%			18.2%		
51-80 (needs improvement) 72.7%			81.8%		
81-100 (good) 9.1%			0%		

Number	Percent	Region
11	100%	Los Angeles County

Confusing indicator of quality teaching?

Money spent on food per person per month...Part I

- What is the EFNEP goal?
- How do you interpret this data?
- WebNEERS assumes that reducing food expenditures translates to a better diet. Not true.

Confusing indicator ? \$ spent on food/person/month

E. Money spent on food per person per month							
			Entry		Exit		
Number of Participants Reporting		15		18			
		Mean	+/- STDDEV	Mean	+/- STDDEV		
Family Size		4.5	1	4.6	0.9		
Money spent on food per person per month		\$109.4	\$34.9	\$88.1	\$36.1		
Distribution of money spent on food per person per month							
	\$<50	0%		16.67%			
	\$50-99	46.67%		44.44%			
	\$100-124	26.67%		22.22%			
	\$125-149	13.33%		11.11%			
	\$150-174	6.67%		0%			
	\$175+	6.67%		5.56%			

	Number of Families	Amount Saved
Total cost savings	15	\$1200
Average cost savings	15	\$80

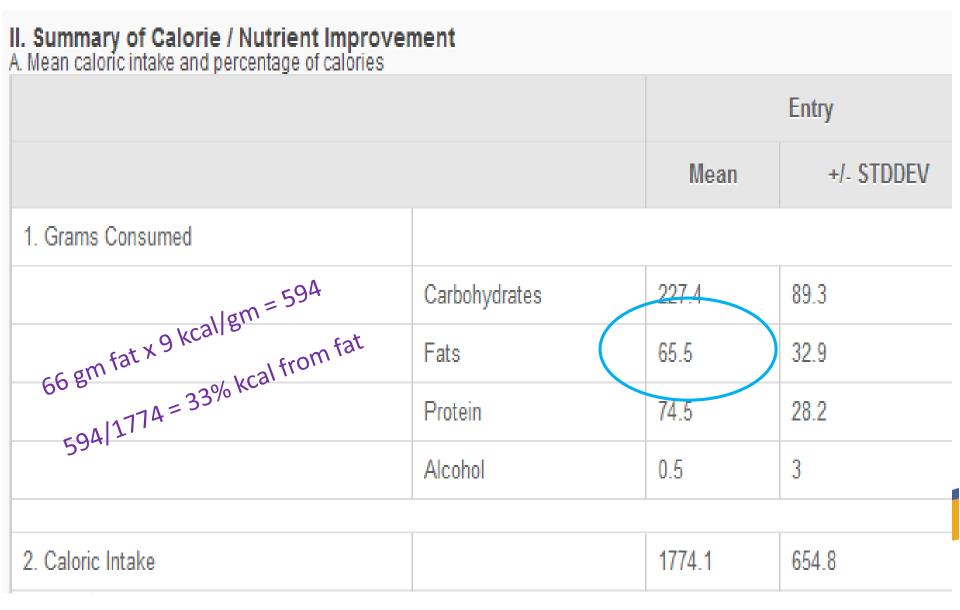
Game 1.....What is wrong with this picture?

b. From Fat	Mean intake	10.2 %	3.9	10.7 %	4.7
	<20%	8.3%		13.9%	
	20-35%	47.2%		66.7%	
	>35%	44.4%		19.4%	

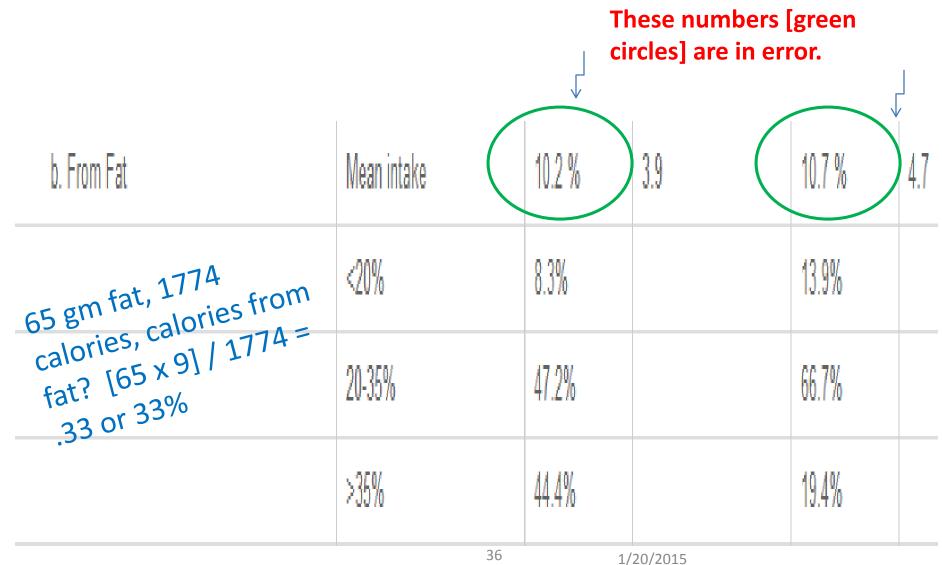
Game 1......What is wrong with this picture?

II. Summary of Calorie / Nutrient Improvement A. Mean caloric intake and percentage of calories Fats and Cals from Fats				
		Entry		
		Mean	+/- STDDEV	
1. Grams Consumed				
	Carbohydrates	227.4	89.3	
	Fats	65.5	32.9	
	Protein	74.5	28.2	
	Alcohol	0.5	3	
	I		1	
2. Caloric Intake		1774.1	654.8	

Game 1.....What is wrong with this picture?



Game 1..... What is wrong with this picture?



Game 2...Solid fats + added sugars i.e. empty calories

Underreporting of SoFAS?

. . . **.** . . .

~...+

		entry		exit	
8. Solid Fats and Added Sugars (SoFAS):	Mean consumed at Entry and Exit	364 calories	207.4	396 calories	386.9
	<10 % of Calories	3%		11%	
Training opportunity. Recalls incomplete??	10-15 % of Calories	39%		19%	
	16-20 % of Calories	19%		25%	
	21+ % of Calories	39%		44%	
	Percent with Positive Change at Exit			56%	

Game 2....Solid fats + added sugars

		entry	I	exit	
8. Solid Fats and Added Sugars (SoFAS):	Mean consumed at Entry and Exit	364 calories	207.4	396 calories	386.9
Recommendation is 0- 19% of kcals. Most	<10 % of Calories	3%		11%	
people have greater	10-15 % of Calories	39%		19%	
intake. On 1800 cal diet, 19% is 342 cals from	16-20 % of Calories	19%		25%	
SoFAS.	21+ % of Calories	39%		44%	
	Percent with Positive Change at Exit			56%	

Underreporting of SoFAS?

Report to supervisors, legislators....how to look good

	Entry	Exit	Change	Positive change
Stephanie	3.0 cups	3.1 cups	+0.1 cups	yes
Janice	3.5	3.6	+0.1 cups	yes
Marilyn	5.5	5.3	-0.2 cups	no
Total	12.0 cups	12.0 cups	0	no
Mean/average	4.0 cups	4.0	0	no
Number making [+]change				2 people = 67%
Number making [-]change				1 person= 33%

Report to supervisors....how to look good

- Do....use %
 participants
- Don't...use means or mean intakes
- If report the means, then you would need to say, "As a result of EFNEP, there was no change in F&V intake."
- Journal authors must report means

- 67% of participants made a positive change in fruit & vegetable intake.
 - 67% of participants increased their F&V intake.
 - As a result of EFNEP, 2/3 of participants eat more F&V.

Educator training....a teachable moment from the DSR

Solid fats vs. saturated fat Oils vs. solid fats ◆3 types of fatty acids: saturated, monounsaturated,

polyunsaturated



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Solid fats

What counts?

All contain these fatty acids:

- Saturated (relatively high in a solid fat)
- Monosaturated
- Polyunsaturated (relatively low)

- Coconut [solid at 70⁻, liquid at 80⁻]
- Palm & palm kernel
- Butter
- Beef fat
- Pork fat or lard
- Chicken fat
- Shortening
- Stick margarine

Each example has a solid and liquid state. So call a solid fat if solid at 70°. Call the same item an 'oil' if liquid at 70°. Confusing.



Oils

What counts?

All contain these fatty acids:

- Saturated (relatively low in an oil)
- Monosaturated
- Polyunsaturated

Every fat has these 3 fatty acids.

Every oil has these same 3 fatty acids.

The ratios are key.

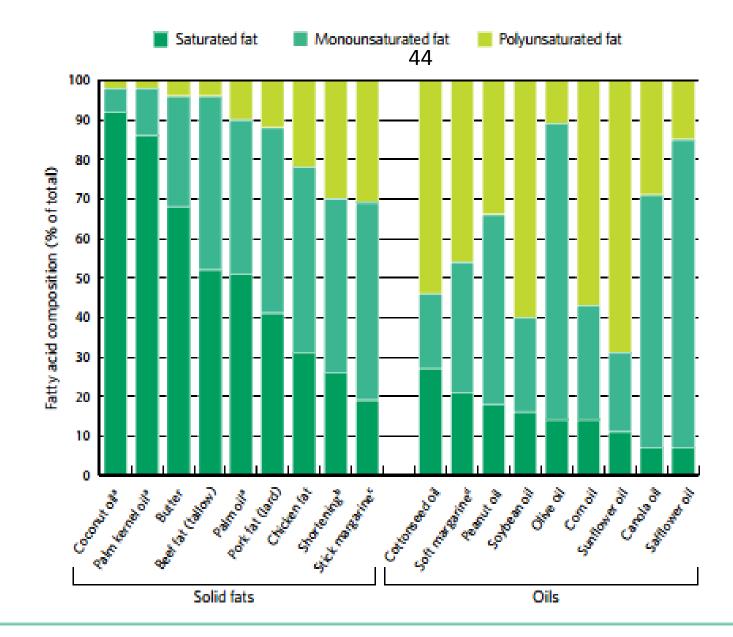


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- Cottonseed
- Peanut
- Soybean
- Olive corn
- Sunflower
- Canola
- Safflower
- Walnut
- Soft margarine

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FIGURE 3-3. Fatty Acid Profiles of Common Fats and Oils



a. Coconut oil, palm kernel oil, and palm oil are called oils because they

d. The primary ingredient in soft margarine with no trans fats is liquid

Main sources in American diets

Saturated fat

- cheese
- pizza
- grain-based desserts (cake, cookies, etc.)
- dairy desserts (ice cream, whipped cream cake, etc.)
- chicken dishes
- sausages, hot dogs, bacon
- milk

Solid fats

- grain-based desserts
- pizza
- cheese
- sausage, hot dogs, bacon
- French fries
- dairy desserts
- milk, eggs, butter



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